

**B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2011****Fifth Semester**

Branch—Computer Science and Engineering/Information Technology

**ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS—IV (R, T)**

(Supplementary)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

*Answer one question from each module.**All questions carry equal marks.***Module I**

1. (a) With usual notation, show that probability distribution of Queue-length is given by  $\rho^n (1 - \rho)$

where  $\rho = \frac{\lambda}{\mu} < 1$  and  $n \geq 0$ .

(10 marks)

- (b) People arrive at a Theatre ticket booth in Poisson distributed arrival rate of 25 per hour. Service time is constant at 2 minutes. Calculate (a) the mean number in the waiting line ; (b) the mean waiting time ; (c) the utilisation factor.

(10 marks)

*Or*

2. (a) Derive Little's formula. (10 marks)
- (b) A petrol station has two pumps. The service time follows exponential distribution with mean four minutes and cars arrive for service in a Poisson process at the rate of 10 in cars per hour. Find the probability that a customer has to wait for service. What proportion of time do the pumps remains idle ?

(10 marks)

**Module II**

3. (a) Solve by Newton's method  $e^x = 4x$ . (8 marks)
- (b) Solve by Gauss Seidel method :

$$8x - 3y + 2z = 20 ; 4x + 11y - z = 33 ; 6x + 3y + 12z = 35.$$

(12 marks)

*Or***Turn over**

4. (a) Determine the root of  $xe^x - 3 = 0$  correct to 3 decimal places using Regula-Falsi method. (10 marks)

(b) Solve by Jacobi's method :

$$27x + 6y - z = 85; 6x + 15y + 2z = 72; x + y + 54z = 110.$$

(10 marks)

### Module III

5. (a) Using Newton's divided difference formula find the value of  $f(8)$  given :

$x$	:	4	5	7	10	11	13
$f(x)$	:	48	100	294	900	1210	2028

(10 marks)

- (b) Using Simpson's 1/3 rule evaluate  $\int_0^2 \frac{dx}{1+x^3}$  to two decimal places by dividing the range into 4 equal parts.

(10 marks)

Or

6. (a) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  and  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  at  $x = 3.8$  from the following :—

$x$	:	3	3.5	4	4.5
$z$	:	1.4843	1.55023	1.60746	1.65801

(10 marks)

- (b) Using Trapezoidal rule evaluate  $\int_1^2 \frac{dx}{x}$  by dividing the interval into 5 equal parts. (10 marks)

### Module IV

7. (a) Using dual simplex method solve :

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 6x_1 + 4x_2 + 4x_3$$

subject to

$$3x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 \geq 2$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 - x_3 \geq 1$$

$$-x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 \geq 1$$

(10 marks)

(b) Use Big M-method to solve :

$$\text{Minimize } Z = 4x_1 + 3x_2$$

$$\text{subject to } 2x_1 + x_2 \geq 10$$

$$-3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 6$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \geq 6.$$

(10 marks)

Or

8. (a) Using Graphical method solve :

$$\text{Minimize } Z = 3x_1 + 2x_2$$

$$\text{subject to } 5x_1 + x_2 \geq 10$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \geq 6$$

$$x_1 + 4x_2 \geq 12$$

(10 marks)

(b) Using Simplex method solve :

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 4x_1 + 10x_2$$

$$\text{subject to } 2x_1 + x_2 \leq 50$$

$$2x_1 + 5x_2 \leq 100$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 90$$

(10 marks)

### Module V

9. (a) Explain an algorithm for solving a transportation problem.

(10 marks)

(b) Using Vogel's approximation method find the solution of :

		Destination			Supply
		A	B	C	
Source	1	2	7	4	5
	2	3	3	1	8
	3	5	4	7	7
	4	1	6	2	14
Demand		7	9	18	34

(10 marks)

Or

Turn over

10. (a) Describe the method of solving an unbalanced transportation problem.

(10 marks)

(b) Solve the transportation problem :

		<i>To</i>			
		<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>Availability</i>
	<i>I</i>	50	30	220	1
<i>From</i>	<i>II</i>	90	45	170	3
	<i>III</i>	250	200	50	4
	<i>Requirement</i>	4	2	2	

(10 marks)

[5 × 20 = 10 marks]